IDEGEO. Infraestructura de datos espaciales de CentroGeo.

"COUNTY HEALTH RANKINGS, part 1, Fundación Robert Wood Johnson-Wisconsin University, 2017"

IDENTIFICACIÓN DE LA INFORMACIÓN

Autor del Metadato

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Resumen

The County Health Rankings & Roadmaps program helps communities identify and implement solutions that make it easier for people to be healthy in their neighborhoods, schools, and workplaces. Ranking the health of nearly every county in the nation, the County Health Rankings illustrate what we know when it comes to what is keeping people healthy or making people sick and how the opportunity for good health differs from one county to the next. Supporting a call to action, the Roadmaps show what we can do to create healthier places for everyone to live, learn, work, and play. The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation collaborates with the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute to bring this program to communities across the nation.

Summary of Key Findings

Now in its eighth year, the County Health Rankings continue to bring revealing data to communities across the nation.
More Americans are dying prematurely, notably among our younger generations
Premature death rates rose across urban and rural community types and racial/ethnic groups in 2015. Premature death has consistently been highest in rural counties and among American Indian/Alaskan Native and black populations.
In recent years, premature death increased most among those ages 15–44.

Drug overdose and other injury deaths heavily influenced the rise in premature death
Drug overdose was by far the single leading cause of premature death by injury in 2015 and contributed to the accelerated rise in premature death from 2014 to 2015.
Large suburban metro counties went from having the lowest to the highest rate of premature death due to drug overdose within the past decade.
For those ages 15–24, an increase in drug overdose deaths was part of the equation, but more deaths due to motor vehicle crashes and firearm fatalities also played a role in the accelerated rise in premature death.

A focus on opportunities for youth and young adults Disconnected youth (a new measure this year) are youth and young adults ages 16–24 who are not in school and not working, and represent untapped potential to strengthen the social and economic vibrancy of local communities. In 2015, there were about 4.9 million youth – or 1 out of 8 – not in school or working.
Youth disconnection is most prevalent among American Indian/Alaskan Native, black, and Hispanic youth. Rates of youth disconnection are higher in rural counties than in urban counties. Places with high levels of youth disconnection have higher rates of unemployment, child poverty, children in single-parent households, teen births, and lower levels of educational attainment – all barriers to a successful transition from youth to healthy adulthood.

Propósito

The annual Rankings provide a revealing snapshot of how health is influenced by where the north american people live, learn, work and play. They provide a starting point for change in communities.

Fecha de publicación

2017-04-05 00:29:00

Colaboradores

under the direction of the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute in collaboration with the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and Burness. Forum One is a digital agency that partners with influential organizations to craft solutions for the world's most pressing problems.

Forum One provided the County Health Rankings & Roadmaps program team with digital strategy, user experience, and technical development.

Edición

County Health Rankings & Roadmaps

Derechos

County Health Rankings & Roadmaps

Nombre Administrativo

USA

Palabras Claves

- Efecto Trump

Categoria

Salud

FUENTE DE LA INFORMACIÓN

Fuente

County Health Rankings & Roadmaps

URL

http://idegeo.centrogeo.org.mx/layers/geonode%3Asalud1

Historial de procesamiento

No se provee información

REFERENCIA ESPACIAL

WKT

POLYGON((-124.725839 24.498131,-124.725839 49.384358,-66.949895 49.384358,-66.949895 24.498131,-124.725839 24.498131))

Codigo de la proyección

EPSG:4326

EXTENSIÓN DEL RECURSO

Oeste	Este	Norte	Sur
-124.7258390000	-66.9498950000	24.4981310000	49.3843580000

ATRIBUTOS

Nombre	Descripción
m_135_valu	Injury deaths Injury Death Rate
m_23_value	Unemployment % Unemployed
m_5_denomi	Preventable hospital stays # Medicare Enrollees
m_4_numera	Primary care physicians # Primary Care Physicians
m_1_numera	Premature death # Deaths
COUNTYFP	
NAME	
ALAND	
AWATER	
clave	
estado	
condado	

Nombre	Descripción
m_1_value	Premature death Years of Potential Life Lost Rate
m_1_cilow	Premature death 95% CI - Low
m_1_cihigh	Premature death 95% CI - High
m_2_value	Poor or fair health % Fair/Poor
m_2_cilow	Poor or fair health 95% CI - Low
m_2_cihigh	Poor or fair health 95% CI - High
m_36_value	Poor physical health days Physically Unhealthy Days
m_36_cilow	Poor physical health days 95% CI - Low
m_36_cihig	Poor physical health days 95% CI - High
m_42_value	Poor mental health days Mentally Unhealthy Days
m_42_cilow	Poor mental health days 95% CI - Low
STATEFP	
GEOID	
m_134_cilo	Alcohol-impaired driving deaths 95% CI - Low
m_134_cihi	Alcohol-impaired driving deaths 95% CI - High
m_45_numer	Sexually transmitted infections # Chlamydia Cases

Nombre	Descripción
m_45_value	Sexually transmitted infections Chlamydia Rate
m_14_numer	Teen births Teen Births
m_37_numer	Low birthweight # Low Birthweight Births
m_37_denom	Low birthweight # Live Births
m_37_value	Low birthweight % LBW
m_37_cilow	Low birthweight 95% CI - Low
m_37_cihig	Low birthweight 95% CI - High
m_9_value	Adult smoking % Smokers
m_9_cilow	Adult smoking 95% CI - Low
m_9_cihigh	Adult smoking 95% CI - High
m_11_value	Adult obesity % Obese
m_11_cilow	Adult obesity 95% CI - Low
m_11_cihig	Adult obesity 95% CI - High
m_133_valu	Food environment index
m_70_value	Physical inactivity % Physically Inactive
m_70_cilow	Physical inactivity 95% CI - Low

Nombre	Descripción
m_70_cihig	Physical inactivity 95% CI - High
m_132_valu	Access to exercise opportunities % With Access
m_49_value	Excessive drinking % Excessive Drinking
m_49_cilow	Excessive drinking 95% CI - Low
m_49_cihig	Excessive drinking 95% CI - High
m_134_nume	Alcohol-impaired driving deaths # Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths
m_134_deno	Alcohol-impaired driving deaths # Driving Deaths
m_134_valu	Alcohol-impaired driving deaths % Alcohol-Impaired
m_42_cihig	Poor mental health days 95% CI - High
m_7_value	Diabetes monitoring % Receiving HbA1c
m_7_cilow	Diabetes monitoring 95% CI - Low
m_7_cihigh	Diabetes monitoring 95% CI - High
m_50_denom	Mammography screening # Medicare Enrollees
m_50_value	Mammography screening % Mammography
m_50_cilow	Mammography screening 95% CI - Low
m_14_denom	Teen births Teen Population

Nombre	Descripción
m_14_value	Teen births Teen Birth Rate
m_14_cilow	Teen births 95% CI - Low
m_14_cihig	Teen births 95% CI - High
m_85_numer	Uninsured # Uninsured
m_85_value	Uninsured % Uninsured
m_85_cilow	Uninsured 95% CI - Low
m_85_cihig	Uninsured 95% CI - High
m_4_value	Primary care physicians PCP Rate
m_4_RATIO1	Primary care physicians PCP Ratio
m_88_numer	Dentists # Dentists
m_88_value	Dentists Dentist Rate
m_88_RATIO	Dentists Dentist Ratio
m_62_numer	Mental health providers # Mental Health Providers
m_62_value	Mental health providers MHP Rate
m_62_RATIO	Mental health providers MHP Ratio
m_5_value	Preventable hospital stays Preventable Hosp. Rate

Nombre	Descripción
m_5_cilow	Preventable hospital stays 95% CI - Low
m_5_cihigh	Preventable hospital stays 95% CI - High
m_7_denomi	Diabetes monitoring # Diabetics
m_82_denom	Children in single-parent households # Households
m_82_value	Children in single-parent households % Single-Parent Households
m_82_cilow	Children in single-parent households 95% CI - Low
m_82_cihig	Children in single-parent households 95% CI - High
m_140_nume	Social associations # Associations
m_140_valu	Social associations Association Rate
m_43_numer	Violent crime # Violent Crimes
m_50_cihig	Mammography screening 95% CI - High
m_21_denom	High school graduation Cohort Size
m_21_value	High school graduation Graduation Rate
m_69_numer	Some college # Some College
m_69_denom	Some college Population
m_69_value	Some college % Some College

Nombre	Descripción
m_69_cilow	Some college 95% CI - Low
m_69_cihig	Some college 95% CI - High
m_23_numer	Unemployment # Unemployed
m_23_denom	Unemployment Labor Force
m_24_value	Children in poverty % Children in Poverty
m_24_cilow	Children in poverty 95% CI - Low
m_24_cihig	Children in poverty 95% CI - High
Field86	Children in poverty % Children in Poverty - Black
Field87	Children in poverty % Children in Poverty - Hispanic
Field88	Children in poverty % Children in Poverty - White
m_44_numer	Income inequality 80th Percentile Income
m_44_denom	Income inequality 20th Percentile Income
m_44_value	Income inequality Income Ratio
m_82_numer	Children in single-parent households # Single-Parent Households
m_124_valu	Air pollution - particulate matter Presence of violation
m_136_cilo	Severe housing problems 95% CI - Low

Nombre	Descripción
m_136_cihi	Severe housing problems 95% CI - High
m_67_value	Driving alone to work % Drive Alone
m_67_cihig	Driving alone to work 95% CI - High
Field114	Driving alone to work % Drive Alone - Black
Field115	Driving alone to work % Drive Alone - Hispanic
Field116	Driving alone to work % Drive Alone - White
m_137_deno	Long commute - driving alone # Workers who Drive Alone
m_137_valu	Long commute - driving alone % Long Commute - Drives Alone
m_137_cilo	Long commute - driving alone 95% CI - Low
m_137_cihi	Long commute - driving alone
m_43_value	Violent crime Violent Crime Rate
m_135_nume	Injury deaths # Injury Deaths
m_135_cilo	Injury deaths 95% CI - Low
m_135_cihi	Injury deaths 95% CI - High
m_125_valu	Air pollution - particulate matter Average Daily PM2.5
m_136_nume	Severe housing problems # Households with Severe Problems

Nombre	Descripción
m_136_valu	Severe housing problems % Severe Housing Problems
m_67_cilow	Driving alone to work 95% CI - Low